

BUILDING STRUCTURES 2

General information	
<i>Subject</i>	Building Structures 2
<i>Faculty</i>	Faculty of Civil Engineering, Architecture and Environmental Engineering
<i>Course of study</i>	Architecture
<i>Profile</i>	General academic
<i>Type of study</i>	I level with the degree of Eng. Arch.
<i>Starting semester</i>	Winter semester

Information about the subject	
<i>Semester</i>	5
<i>Number of ECTS points</i>	2
<i>Subject type</i>	obligatory
<i>Language of instruction</i>	English
<i>Syllabus prepared by</i>	Dr hab. inż. Jacek Korentz, prof. UZ

Type of class					
<i>Course type</i>	<i>Number of classes per semester (full time studies)</i>	<i>Number of classes per week (full time studies)</i>	<i>Number of classes per semester (part time studies)</i>	<i>Number of classes per week (part time studies)</i>	<i>Credit type</i>
Lecture	15	1	-	-	Credit with a grade
Exercises	30	2	-	-	Credit with a grade

Subject objective
<p>1. The objective in terms of knowledge is to familiarize the student with concrete as a building material, with the principles of interaction between concrete and reinforcing steel in load transfer, principles of operation of reinforced concrete sections and concrete structures.</p> <p>2. The objective in terms of skills is to teach the student to design basic elements of concrete structures (beams, slabs, columns and foundations).</p> <p>3. The objective in terms of personal and social competences is to prepare the student to present their own project with a solution to a concrete structure task in class and defend it in front of a group of students.</p>

Initial requirements
Formal: General construction, Structural mechanics, Materials science

Subject scope
<p>Lecture: The essence of reinforced concrete structures, interaction of concrete and reinforcing steel. Mechanical properties of concrete and reinforcing steel.</p> <p>Ultimate limit states: bending sections, eccentrically compressed cross-sections, shear zone.</p> <p>Serviceability limit states: limiting stresses, checking cracks, checking deflections.</p> <p>Rules of designing reinforced concrete elements: beams, plates, columns, foundations. Principles of shaping reinforcement in reinforced concrete elements.</p> <p>Construction of reinforced concrete structures: longwall structures, rod and frame constructions. Compressed constructions - overview.</p> <p>Exercises: Design of reinforced concrete elements: monolithic slab, beam, column, foundation</p>

footing.

Educational methods

Explanation methods: lectures - conventional.

Research methods: exercises – individual work on a project based on the teacher’s explanations

Education results and verification methods

<i>Description</i>	<i>Symbol</i>	<i>Verification method</i>	<i>Type of class</i>
The student has a coherent, theoretical general knowledge of key issues in terms of concrete structures. The student has a knowledge of the mechanical properties of concrete and steel, including checking the load capacity and dimensioning of reinforced concrete cross-sections and the principles of designing basic structural elements	K_W02	– test with points	Lecture
The student can use analytical methods to formulate and solve engineering tasks, while formulating and solving engineering tasks, the student can notice their system and non-technical aspects. The student can determine the bearing capacity of simple reinforced concrete structural elements	K_U07	– systematic inspection of project progress	Exercises
The student can cooperate and act in a team, assuming different roles in it. The student is aware of the responsibility for individual work and ready to comply with the rules of teamwork.	K_K02	– observation and evaluation of participation in the classes, – observation and evaluation of the student’s practical skills	Lecture, exercises

Requirements to obtain a credit

Lectures: test with points:

50% - 60% of correct answers – satisfactory,

61% - 70% of correct answers – satisfactory plus,

71% - 80% of correct answers – good,

81% - 90% of correct answers – good plus,

91% - 100% of correct answers – very good.

Student’s work

<i>Student’s work</i>	<i>Full time study (h)</i>
Interaction with the teacher (classes; consultations; exam, etc.)	50
Student’s individual work (preparation for the classes, test exam; literature research preparation of: written paper, project, presentation, report, speech; etc.)	10
<i>Total</i>	60
<i>ECTS points</i>	<i>Full time study</i>
Work with a teacher	0
Work without a teacher	2
<i>Total</i>	2

Basic literature

1. PN-EN 1992-1-1: Eurokod 2: Projektowanie konstrukcji z betonu. Część 1-1: Reguły ogólne i reguły dla budynków. 2008.
2. PN-B-03264: Konstrukcje betonowe, żelbetowe i sprężone. Obliczenia statyczne i projektowanie. 2002.
3. PN-88/B-01041: Rysunek konstrukcyjny budowlany. Konstrukcje betonowe, żelbetowe i sprężone.
4. Łapko A., Jansen B. C., Podstawy projektowania i algorytmy obliczeń konstrukcji żelbetowych. Arkady, Warszawa 2005.
5. Grabiec K., Bogucka J., Grabiec T., Obliczanie przekrojów w elementach betonowych i żelbetowych (wg. PN-B-03264:1999). Arkady, Warszawa 2004.
6. Starosolski W., Konstrukcje żelbetowe według Eurokodu 2 i norm związanych, T.1-4, Wydawnictwo Naukowe PWN, Warszawa 2012.

Complementary literature

Notes